# Constraints on Sterile Neutrino Evidence, Light Neutralino and LSND with KARMEN1+2

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## KARMEN at ISIS Neutron Spallation Source at Rutherford-Appleton-Laboratory in Oxford/UK



- > 800 MeV protons with rapid cycling synchrotron (200 uA, 50 Hz, 20 ms beam periods)
- > KARMEN detector was located at 17.5 m from main target (uranium/tantalum) at 90 degrees towards beamline

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#### Neutrinos from Well-Defined Decay at Rest

(negative pions undergo nuclear capture in high Z target; contamination o(10^-4))

$$\begin{array}{ll} \pi^+ \longrightarrow \mu^+ + (\overline{\nu_{\mu}}) & \tau = 2.6 \cdot 10^{-8} \varepsilon \\ \downarrow & \\ e^+ + (\overline{\nu_e}) + (\overline{\bar{\nu}_{\mu}}) & \tau = 2.2 \cdot 10^{-6} \varepsilon \end{array}$$



#### **Isospin Triplet A=12**



## KARMEN Detector (56t Liquid Scintillator) @ 17.5 m



## KARMEN Outer Veto Upgrade (1995-1997) Marking Beginning of KARMEN2 (Ran until 2001)



## Measured Pure Electron-Neutrinos in Spectroscopic Quality via CC Sequence



## Measured Neutrinos in Prompt Single-Events (NC+CC)



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## Measured Electron-Neutrinos in Prompt Single-Events (K2)



No excess above 38 MeV in single prompt events (only 2.2 MeV Q-value for inclusive CC on 13C)

 $\Rightarrow$  No Hint for Appearance  $v_{\mu} \rightarrow v_{e}$ 

2-flavor formalism: 
$$\begin{pmatrix} |\nu_{\alpha}\rangle \\ |\nu_{\beta}\rangle \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos\Theta & \sin\Theta \\ -\sin\Theta & \cos\Theta \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} |\nu_{1}\rangle \\ |\nu_{2}\rangle \end{pmatrix}$$

The probability  $\mathcal{P}$  for the oscillation  $\nu_{\alpha} \rightarrow \nu_{\beta}$  in vacuum is then given by:

$$\mathcal{P}(|\nu_{\alpha}\rangle \to |\nu_{\beta}\rangle) = |\langle \nu_{\beta} | \nu_{\alpha}(x = L, t) \rangle|^{2}$$
  
=  $\sin^{2}(2\Theta) \cdot \sin^{2}\left(\frac{1.27 \cdot \Delta m^{2}[eV^{2}] \cdot L[m]}{E_{\nu}[MeV]}\right)$ 

with 
$$\Delta m^2 = |m_1^2 - m_2^2|$$

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## New KARMEN2 Result from Single Prompt Events



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*Phys.Rev.D65:112001,2002 Reichenbacher PhD Thesis, FZKA Report 7093* 

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## Good Agreement with Predictions! Limit on Sterile Neutrinos from nue->nus



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## KARMEN1+2 Can Exclude Global Fit Evidence Regions for Sterile Neutrinos at More than 2sigma !

2306.09962.pdf (arxiv.org)



#### (Done at CETUP 2023 workshop!)

assuming CPT conservation

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assuming CPT conservation

#### **KARMEN Time-Anomaly between 3us and 4us**





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## Matched Neutron Cross Section Minima in Iron with Neutron Velocities from Main and Pre-Targets!



# Fitted Beam-Correlated Neutron Background in KARMEN1 and KARMEN2 (After Veto Upgrade)



## KARMEN Exclusion Limit on Light Neutralino (pi+ -> mu+ + X)



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## LSND Detector Location wrt. Target at LANSCE



LSND detector has comparable shielding, neutrons could cause increase in random background for neutron sequence search

FIG. 1: The layout of the LSND detector and the A6 beam stop area.



600us wide proton pulses do not allow for muon lifetime resolution (no "time-anomaly" detectable)

ascertained random background from mostly beam off data ⇒ underestimated beam-correlated neutron background? ⇒ or is nuebar contamination

⇒ or is nuebar contamination underestimated?

FIG. 2: The layout of the A6 beam stop, as it was configured for the 1993-1995 data taking.

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arXiv:hep-ex/0104049v3 10 Aug 2001 20

## MicroBooNE Result vs. LSND w/ KARMEN2

2210.10216.pdf (arxiv.org)



## **Degeneracy of MicroBooNE Result**

#### 2210.10216.pdf (arxiv.org)



=> New stringent KARMEN1+2 limit on nue disappearance (CPT conservation) could rule out LSND regions together with MicroBooNE!

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## **Acknowledgements**

CETUP 2023 organizers Barbara and Jaret

# Backup Slides

### MicroBooNE vs MiniBooNE

2210.10216.pdf (arxiv.org)



### **Theoretical Cross Section Calculations**

Author		Type of Model	$\langle \sigma(^{12}C(\nu_e, e^-)^{12}N_{g.s.})\rangle [10^{-42}  cm^2]$
Kolbe	[Kol99]	CRPA	8.9
Auerbach(SIII)	[Aue97]	RPA	10.1
Vogel	[Vog96]	$_{\rm SM}$	9.1
Volpe	[Vol01]	$_{\rm SM}$	8.1
Hayes	[Hay00]	$_{\rm SM}$	7.9
Donnelly	[Don91]	$_{\rm SM}$	9.4
Fukugita	[Fuk88]	EPT	9.1(9)
Mintz	[Min93]	EPT	8.0

Table 3.4: Comparison of theoretical calculations of the cross section  $\langle \sigma \rangle$  for the exclusive CC-reaction  ${}^{12}C(\nu_e, e^-){}^{12}N_{g.s.}$ .

## Theoretical Cross Section Calculations Ratio NC/CC and mu – e – Universality Validation

	Cut	K1	K2	K1 + K2
$\langle \sigma(^{12}C(\nu,\nu'))^{12}C^*) \rangle [10^{-42} cm^2]$	standard	$10.4\pm0.4$	$10.0\pm0.8$	$10.2\pm0.4$
$\langle \sigma(^{12}C(\nu,\nu')^{12}C^*) \rangle \ [10^{-42}  cm^2]$	full fid.	$11.1\pm0.4$	$10.7\pm0.4$	$10.9\pm0.3$
$\langle \sigma(^{12}C(\nu_e, e^-))^{12}N_{g.s.} \rangle [10^{-42} cm^2]$	standard	$9.9\pm0.5$	$9.1\pm0.5$	$9.6\pm0.3$
$\langle \sigma(^{12}C(\nu_e, e^-))^{12}N_{g.s.})\rangle [10^{-42} cm^2]$	full fid.	$10.8\pm0.6$	$9.9\pm0.6$	$10.4\pm0.4$
$R = \langle \sigma^{NC} \rangle / \langle \sigma^{CC}_{gs} \rangle$	standard	$1.05\pm0.06$	$1.09\pm0.10$	$1.07\pm0.06$
$R = \langle \sigma^{NC} \rangle / \langle \sigma^{CC}_{gs} \rangle$	full fid.	$1.04\pm0.07$	$1.08\pm0.08$	$1.05\pm0.05$

Table 3.13: Measured values of the cross sections for the inclusive NC-reaction  ${}^{12}C(\nu, \nu'){}^{12}C^*$ , the exclusive CC-reaction  ${}^{12}C(\nu_e, e^-){}^{12}N_{g.s.}$  and the corresponding ratio  $R = \langle \sigma^{NC} \rangle / \langle \sigma_{gs}^{CC} \rangle$  in dependence of the applied cuts (standard cuts for each of the two reactions as introduced in this thesis and moreover a full fiducial cut with  $|X_{pr}| < 150 \text{ cm}$ ,  $1.5 < ROW_{pr} \leq 31.5$ ,  $1.5 < COL_{pr} \leq 15.5$  and only good modules if  $|X_{pr}| > 100 \text{ cm}$ ). The values for K1 and K2 are always added flux-and efficiency-weighted in order to derive the corresponding global value for KARMEN (K1 + K2).

Author		Type of Model	$R = \langle \sigma^{NC} \rangle / \langle \sigma^{CC}_{gs} \rangle$
Kolbe	[Kol99]	CRPA	1.18
Vogel	[Vog96]	$\mathbf{SM}$	1.08
Donnelly	[Don91]	$\mathbf{SM}$	1.27
Fukugita	[Fuk88]	EPT	1.07
Mintz	[Min93]	EPT	1.23

Table 3.14: Comparison of theoretical calculations for the flux-independent ratio  $R = \langle \sigma^{NC} \rangle / \langle \sigma^{CC}_{gs} \rangle$  of the cross sections for the NC-reaction  ${}^{12}C(\nu,\nu'){}^{12}C^*$  and the exclusive CC-reaction  ${}^{12}C(\nu_e, e^-){}^{12}N_{g.s.}$ .

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## Good Agreement with Predictions! 7.3 eV^2 Visual Check



#### 7.3 eV^2 Visual Check at Different Baselines



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