

# Building Genome-to-Phenome Infrastructure for Regulating Methane in Deep and Extreme Environments (BuG ReMeDEE)



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- Montana State University (Montana)
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Award # 1736255

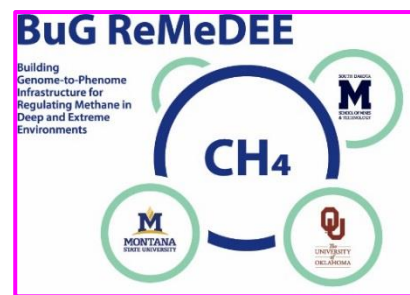


BuG ReMeDEE Consortium

Area addressed by consortium:  
"Greenhouse gas regulation in deep and extreme environments"

Main deliverable:

Fundamental knowledge about methane regulation and green technology for developing the gas-based economy

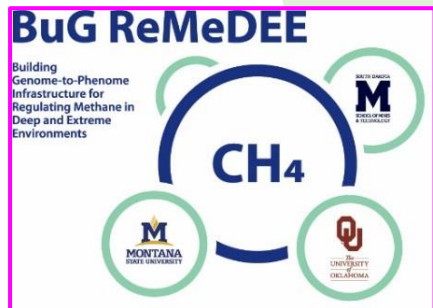


# Methanotrophic Activity in the Deep Environment: Enhancement of Methane Catalysis Rates

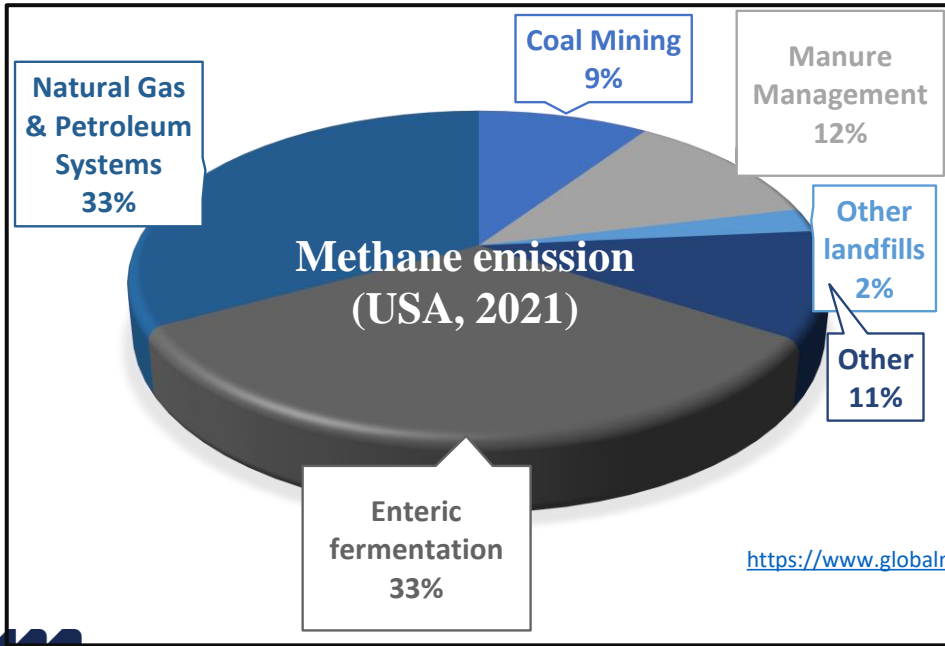
## Overview

- Background (BuG ReMeDEE consortium and its main goals)
- Methane oxidizing bacteria and their MMO enzymes
- Microbial diversity in SURF mine
- Enhancement of methane catalysis rates
- Summary/Acknowledgements

Methane  
Regulation



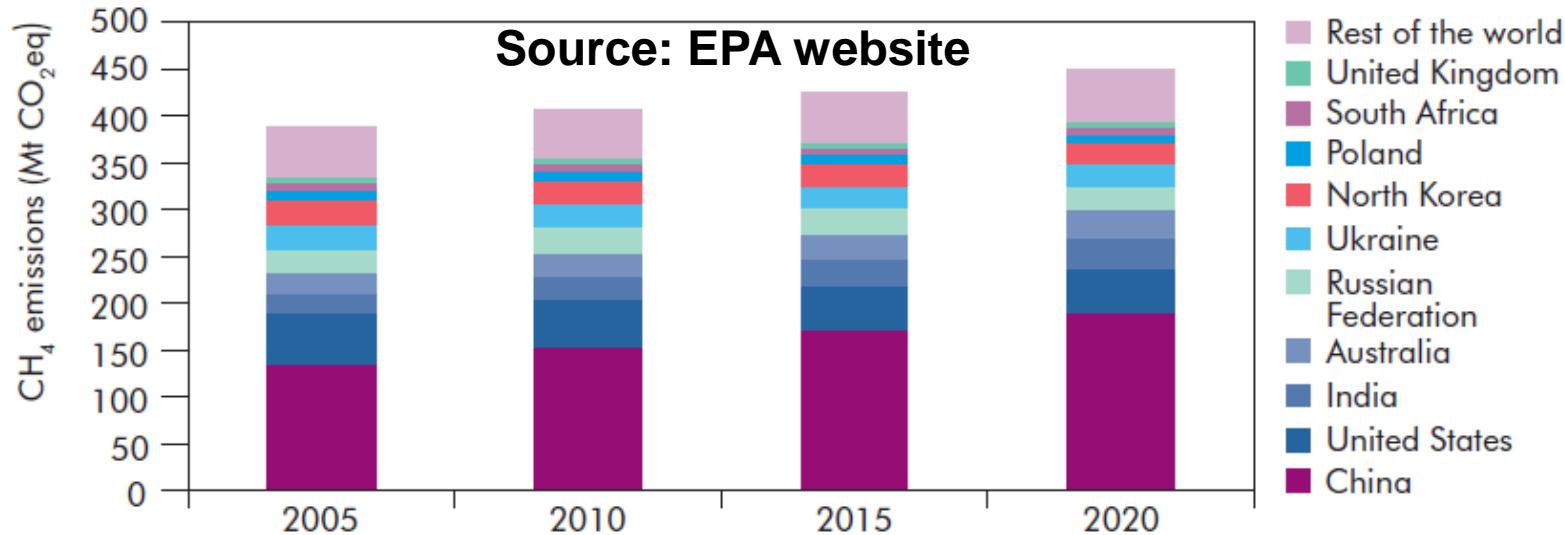
# Background



## Methane:

1. Second largest contributor: Climate change
2. Global warming potential: >25-fold larger than CO<sub>2</sub>
3. 1 Gt (10<sup>9</sup>) removal of methane could reduce 0.21°C

**SOUTH DAKOTA MINES**



**BuG ReMeDEE**

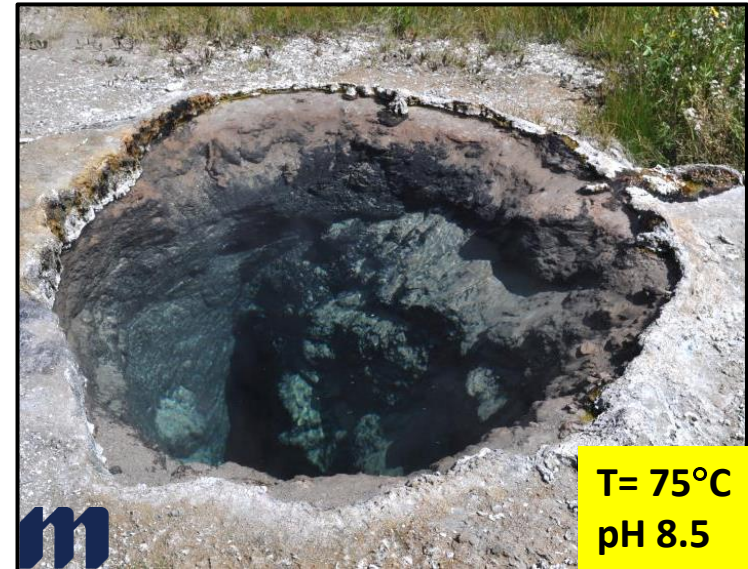
Building Genome-to-Phenome Infrastructure for Regulating Methane in Deep and Extreme Environments



# BuG ReMeDEE Consortium Research Goals

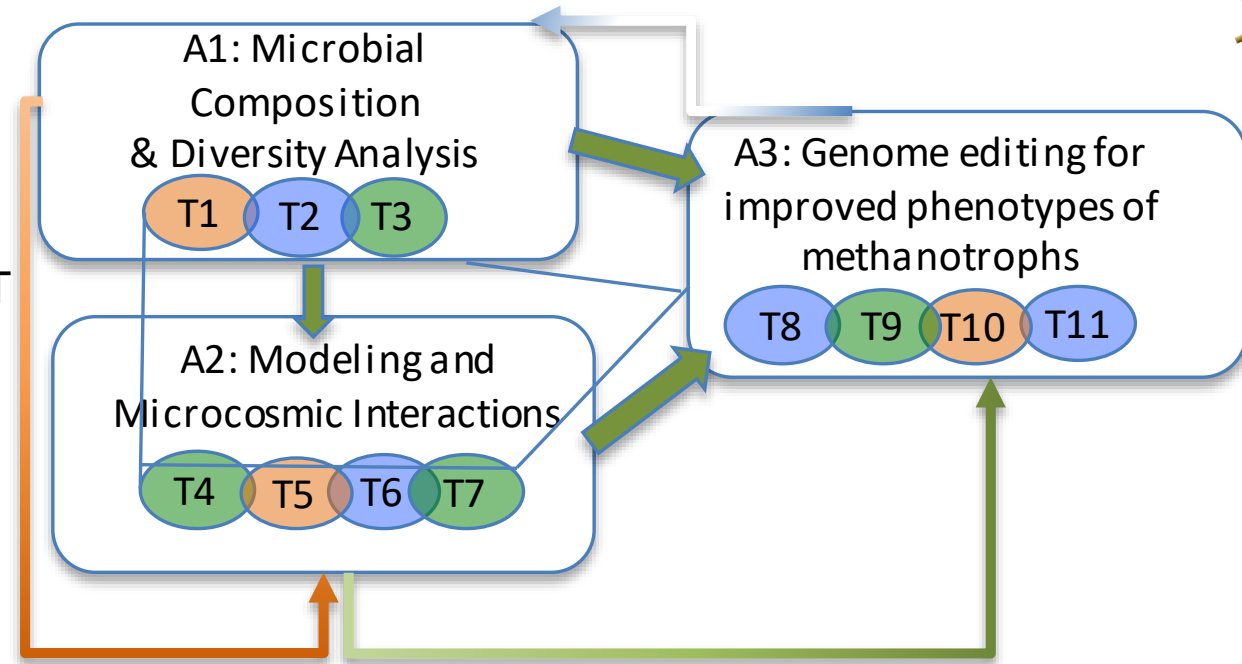


4,850 ft.  
Deep



T= 75°C  
pH 8.5

- SDSM&T
- MSU
- OU



## BuG ReMeDEE Accomplishments:

- Unexplored microbial species: Regulate methane in deep and extreme environments
- Genome editing of novel (previous unexplored) methane-oxidizing microbes
- Fundamental info on industrial techniques of converting CH<sub>4</sub> into value added products (e.g., Methanol, Biopolymer, and Bioelectricity)

## BuG ReMeDEE

Building  
Genome-to-Phenome  
Infrastructure for  
Regulating Methane in  
Deep and Extreme  
Environments

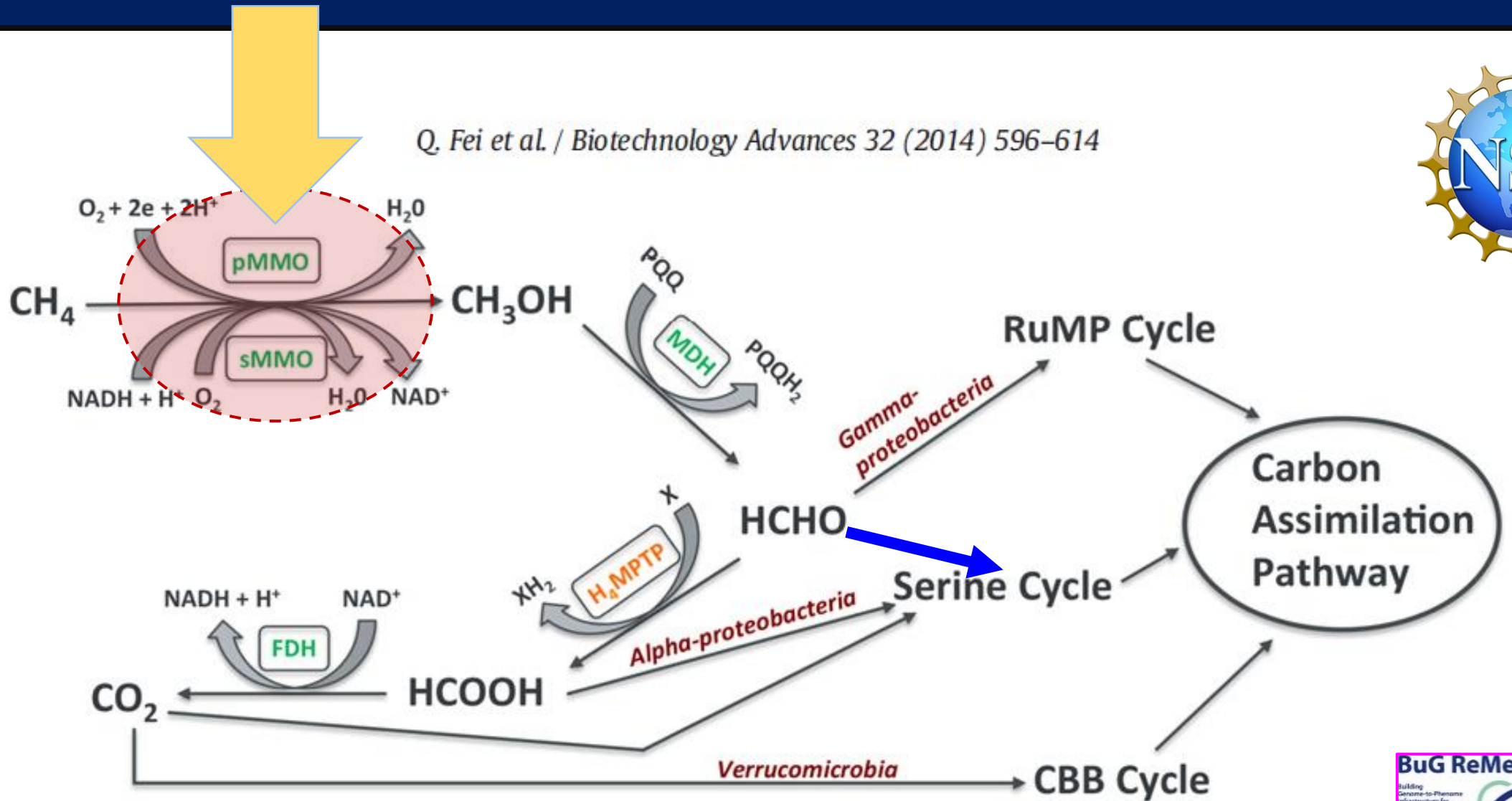




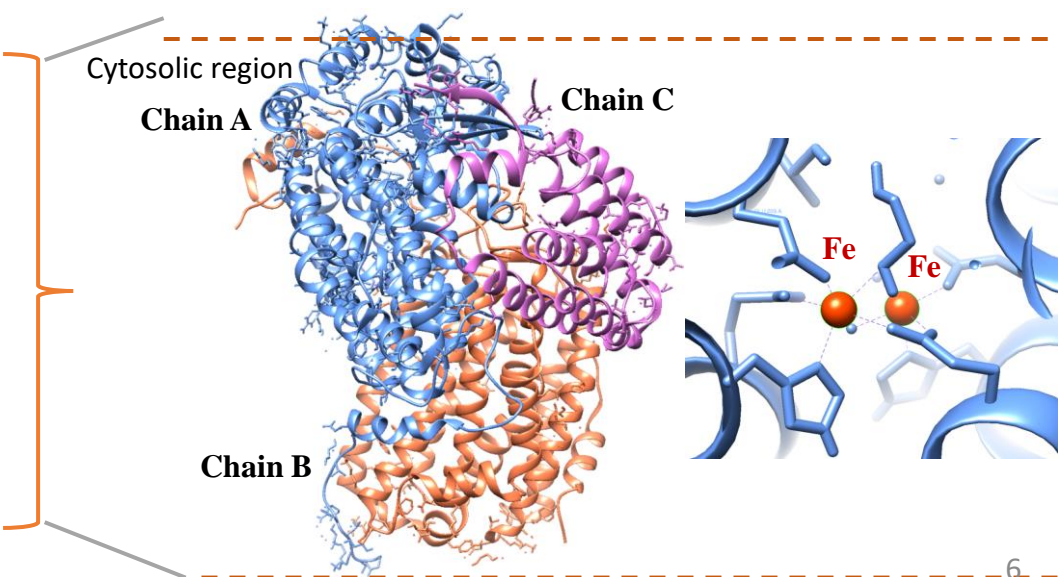
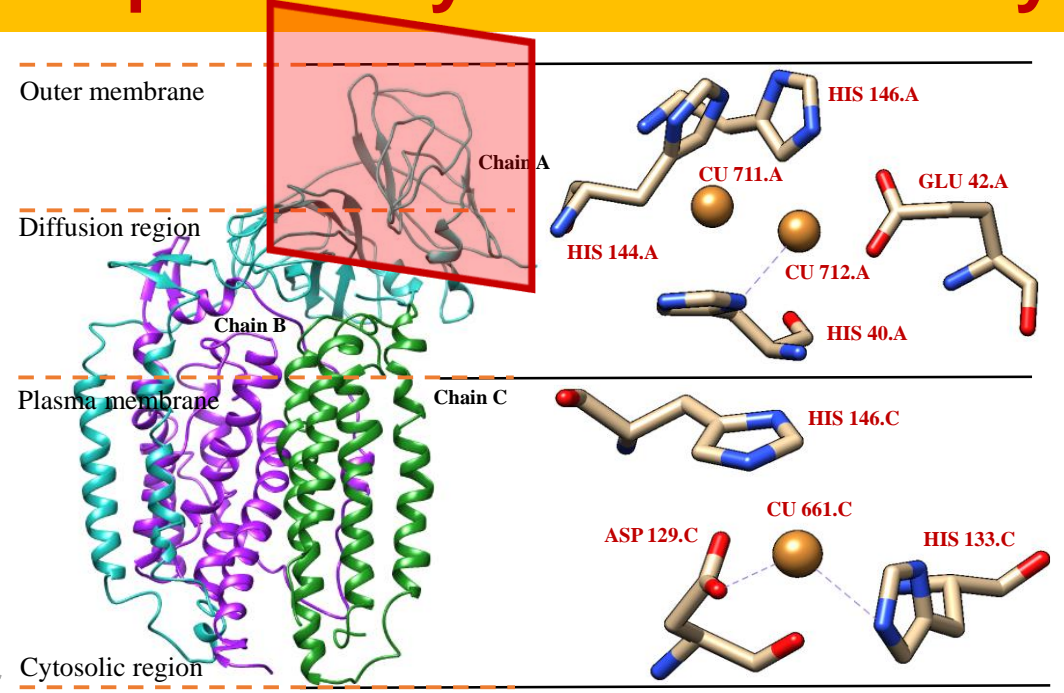
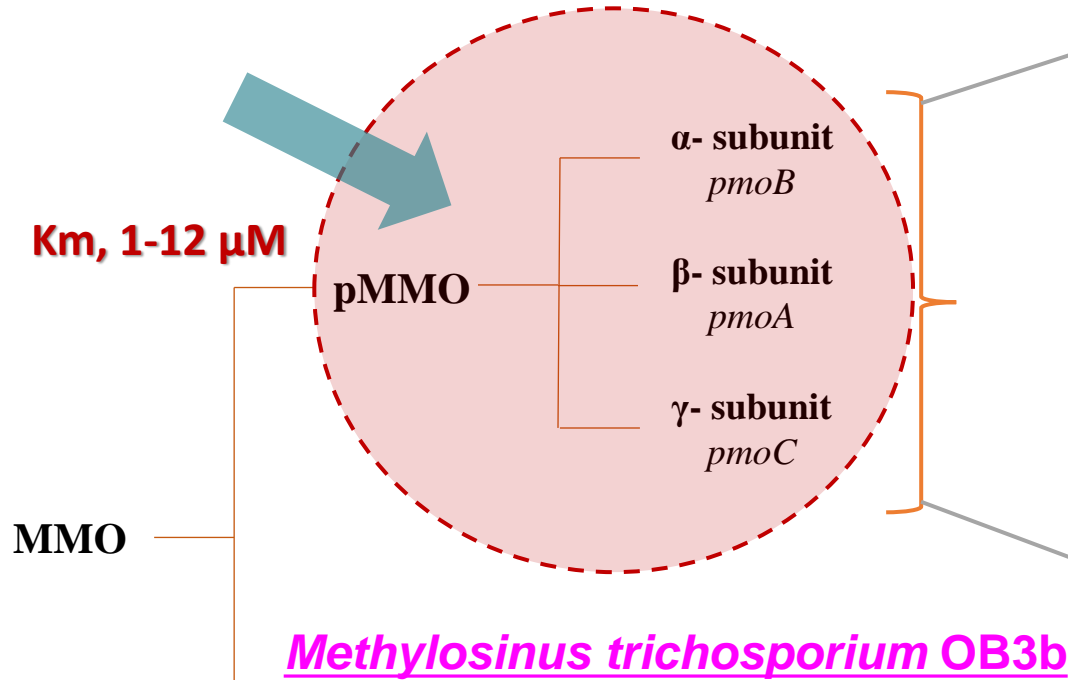
# Methanotrophs – Ecofriendly Industrial Partner (BioGTL)



Q. Fei et al. / *Biotechnology Advances* 32 (2014) 596–614



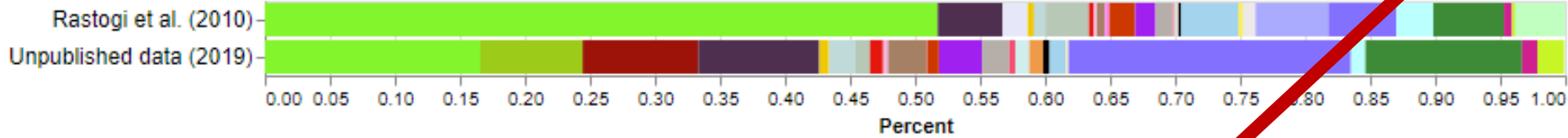
# Methane Monooxygenases: A Complex Enzymatic Machinery



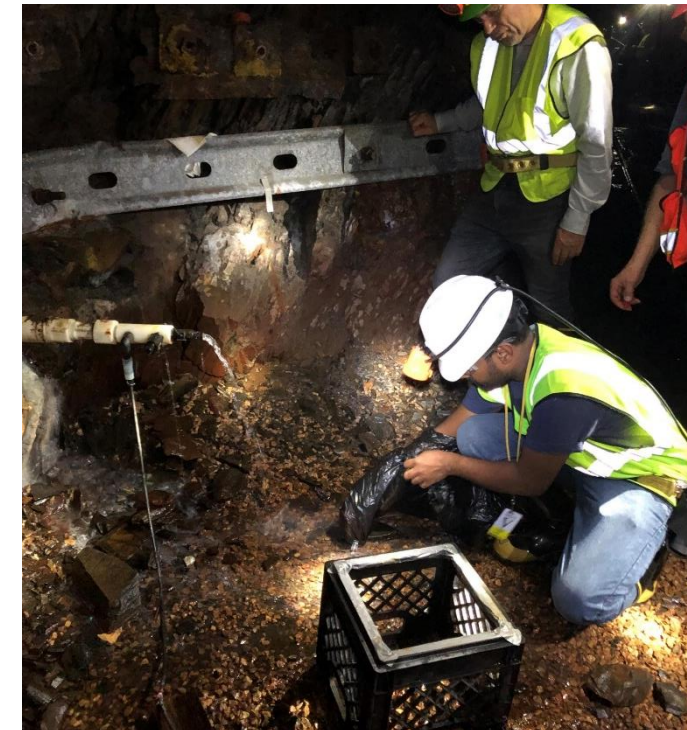
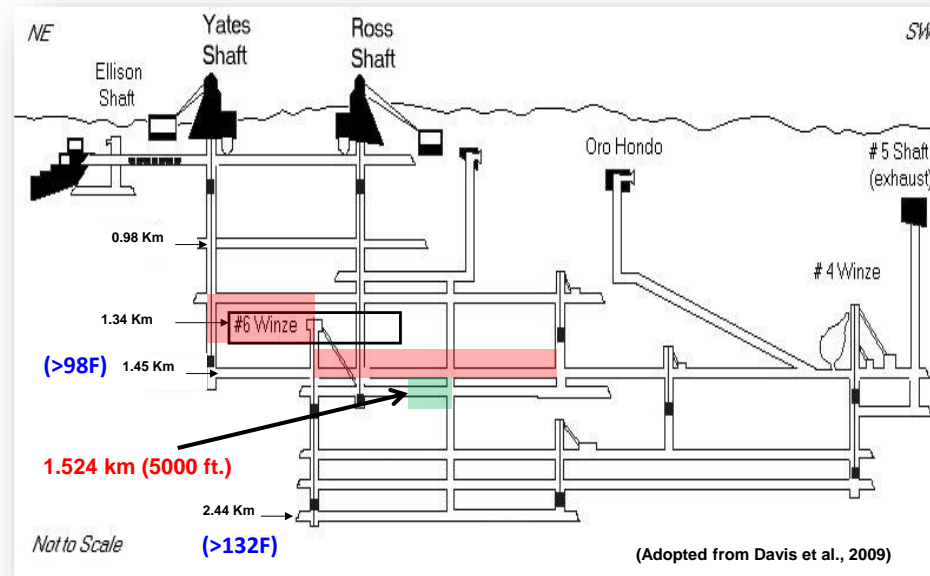


# Dominant Bacterial/Archaeal Families Detected in SURF Mine

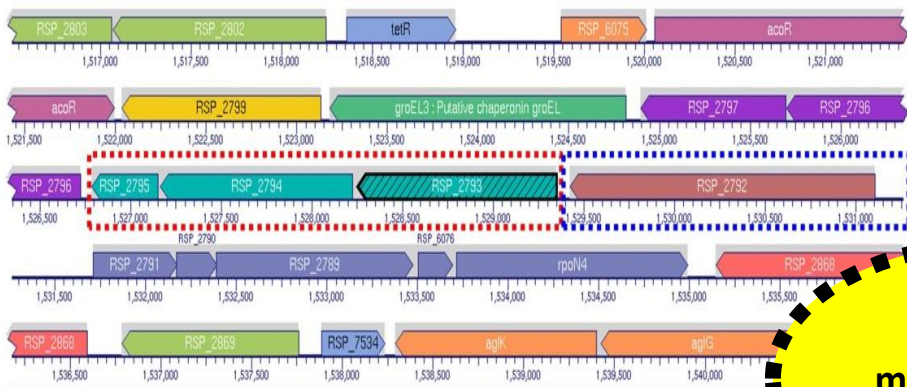
## Sanford Underground Research Facility (SURF)



### Families



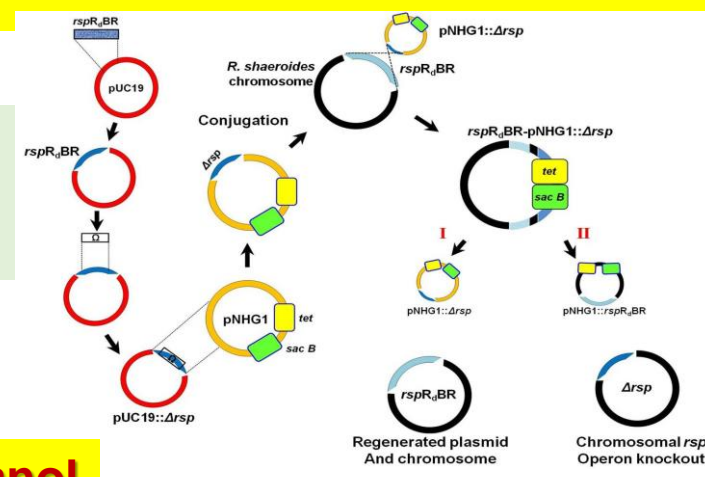
# Project: Genome Editing of Novel Methanotrophs for Improved Phenotypic Properties and Conversion of Methane To Value-added Products



**sMMO ( $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ , and reductase)**

**Methane-oxidizing microbes from Focus areas A1 and A2**

**Task: Generation of Null Background**

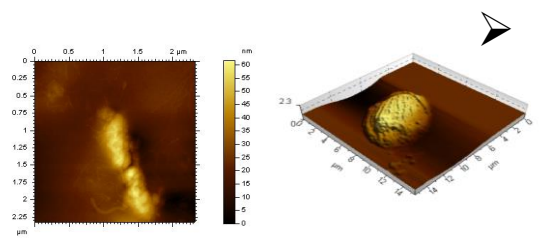
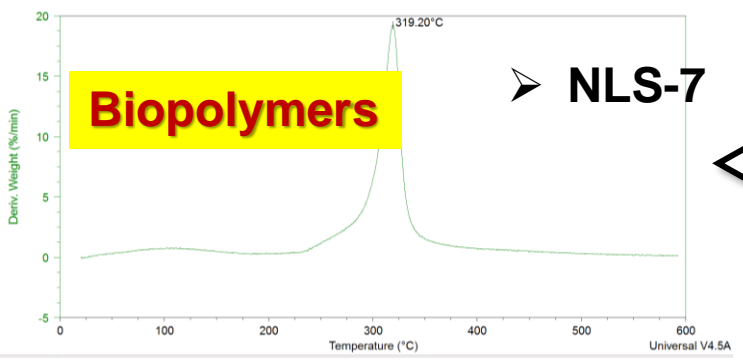


**BuG ReMeDEE**  
Building Genome-to-Phenome Infrastructure for Regulating Methane in Deep and Extreme Environments

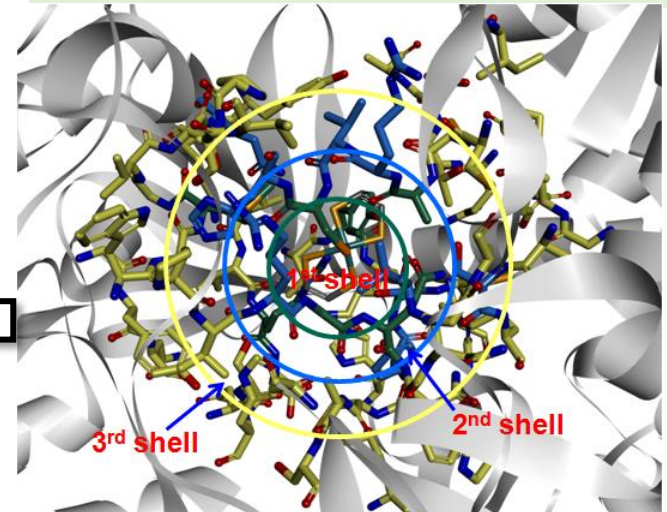
**Methanol**

**Task: Engineering a Novel Methanotroph for Tailoring the Monomer Composition of Biopolymer and Electrochemical Strategies for Higher Yield**

**Task: Phenotypic Improvement Through In-silico Studies**



**Task: Electron Transfer Mechanisms of Phenotypically Improved Novel Methanotrophs at the Electrode-Electrolyte Interfaces**





# Summary

- Unexplored microbial species may play important roles in regulation of methane in deep biosphere of SURF Mine
- Genome editing of model and novel (previous unexplored) methane-oxidizing microbes
  - ↑ • Methane oxidation rates
  - By combining both strategies (mutation and overexpression) – we could achieve the methane consumption rates of ~60  $\mu\text{moles/mole CH}_4$  (per day) (Methane oxidation rate - 0.3  $\mu\text{M/day}$  (i.e., 0.04 PPM), <https://www.nature.com/articles/s42003-020-0838-z>)
- Fundamental info could be used to convert  $\text{CH}_4$  into value added products (e.g., Methanol, Biopolymer, Bioelectricity, and OTHERS)



Agency	Title	Amount	Duration	Role
National Science Foundation (Current)	Building Genome-to-Phenome Infrastructure for Regulating Methane in Deep and Extreme Environments	\$6,000,000	8/17-11/22	PI
National Science Foundation (Current)	<b>Building on the 2020 Vision: Expanding Research, Education, and Innovation in South Dakota</b>	<b>\$20,000,000</b>	<b>9/19-8/24</b>	<b>SP</b>
National Science Foundation (Current)	<b>BioWRAP (Bioplastics with Regenerative Agricultural Properties): Spray-on bioplastics with growth synchronous decomposition and water, nutrient, and agrochemical management</b>	<b>\$5,999,428</b>	<b>3/22-2/26</b>	<b>SP</b>
National Science Foundation (Current)	<b>Data-Driven Material Discovery (DDMD) Center for Bioengineering Innovation</b>	<b>\$6,000,000</b>	<b>8/19-7/23</b>	<b>SP</b>
National Science Foundation (Current)	<b>Bio-Mediated Technique to Control Phase Changes of Porous Media in Seasonally Frozen Ground</b>	<b>\$453,047</b>	<b>9/21-8/24</b>	<b>Co-PI</b>
National Science Foundation (Current)	<b>Accelerated carbon mineralization sequestration in cation-rich rock formations via microbial augmentation and stimulation</b>	<b>\$300,000</b>	<b>1/21-12/23</b>	<b>Co-PI</b>

**Thank You. Questions/Discussion?**